Practise irregular plural nouns!
(i) In most cases you form the English plural by adding an "s" or "es" to the noun. But there are also some irregular plural nouns you need to learn by heart.
For example: Child - children OR leaf - leaves
Some nouns don't change at all: one fish - many fish
(3)

I think we have some $\qquad$ in the cellar!
$\bigcirc$ mice
O mouses
O mices
( 3
Please, don't forget to brush your $\qquad$ tonight!
O tooth
O teeth
O tiith
( 3
I don't like $\qquad$ .

O tomatoes
O tomatos

## (3)

Wow, look at that field! How many $\qquad$ there are!
O shiips
O sheep
O sheeps

## (3)

Oh, my $\qquad$ are bigger than yours.
footsfeet

## (3)

It's autumn, all the $\qquad$ have turned colour.
O leafs
O leaf
$\bigcirc$ leaves

( 3
Do you think there are $\qquad$ in this forest?
○ wolfs
onolves
ow wolfes
(3)

There are $\qquad$ on my Grandpa's farm.
$\bigcirc$ geese
O gooses
$\bigcirc$ geeses
(3)

My brothers' $\qquad$ are both dentists!
O wifes
O wives

## (3)

My father plays in a band with other $\qquad$ .
O men
$\bigcirc$ mans
(3)

Please buy two $\qquad$ of bread from the bakery.
O loafes
O loaves
$\bigcirc$ loafs
(3)

Oh, how cute! Look at these $\qquad$ .
O babies
Obabyis
O babys

## (3)

My brother has an aquarium with lots of $\qquad$ .
Ofishs
fish
O fishes

